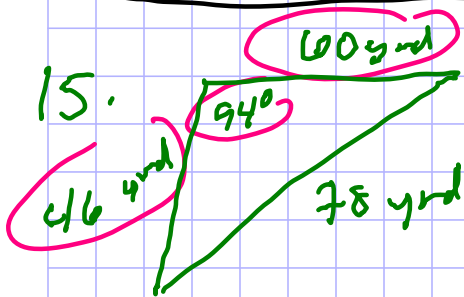


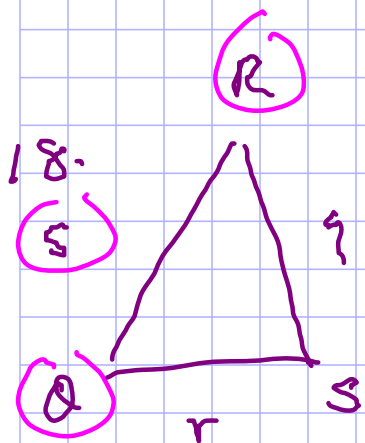
10.5 # 15-30m3, 32, 34, 38



SAS

$$\text{area} = \frac{1}{2}(46)(60) \sin 94^\circ$$

$$\text{area} = 1376.6 \text{ yvds}^2$$



$$R = 46^\circ$$

$$r = 10.5 \quad \checkmark$$

$$Q = 50^\circ$$

$$q = 11.1 \quad \checkmark$$

$$S = 84^\circ$$

$$s = 14.5 \quad \checkmark$$

ASA  $\rightarrow$  L.O.S.

$$S = 180^\circ - (R + Q)$$

$$S = 180^\circ - (46 + 50)$$

$$S = 84^\circ$$

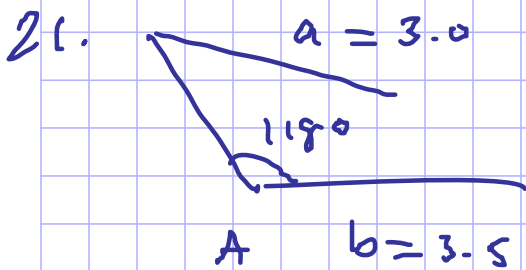
$$\frac{r}{\sin 46^\circ} = \frac{14.5}{\sin 84^\circ}$$

$$r = \frac{14.5 \sin 46^\circ}{\sin 84^\circ}$$

$$r = 10.5$$

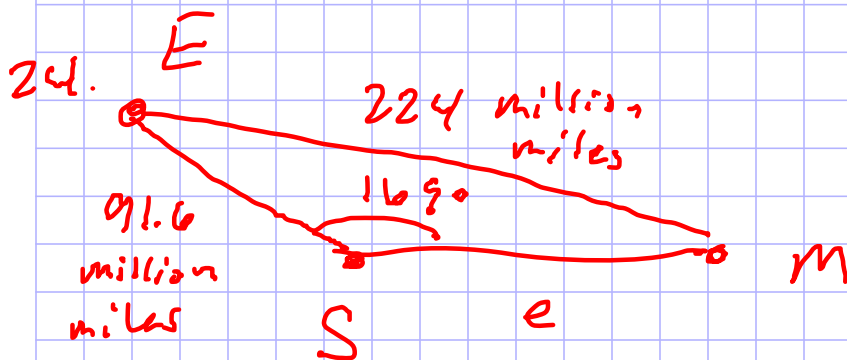
$$\frac{q}{\sin 50^\circ} = \frac{14.5}{\sin 84^\circ}$$

$$q = \frac{14.5 \sin 50^\circ}{\sin 84^\circ} = 11.1$$



SSA  $\rightarrow$  L-O-S.  
 (obtuse)

Since  $a < b \therefore$  no triangle possible



SSA  $\rightarrow$  L-O-S.  
 (obtuse)

$a > b \therefore$  1 triangle

$$\frac{\sin M}{91.6} = \frac{\sin 169^\circ}{224}$$

$$\sin M = \frac{91.6 \sin 169^\circ}{224}$$

$$M = \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{91.6 \sin 169^\circ}{224}\right)$$

$$M = 4.475^\circ$$

$$E = 180^\circ - (S + M)$$

$$E = 180^\circ - (169 + 4.475)$$

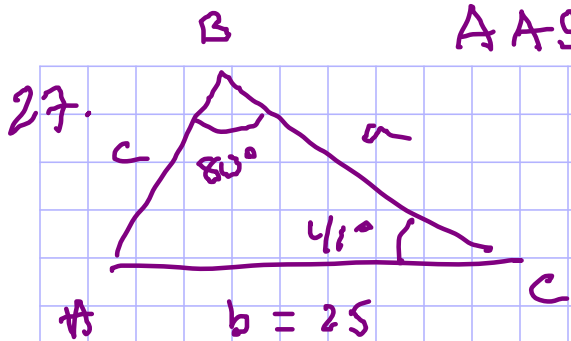
$$E = 6.525^\circ$$

$$\frac{e}{\sin 6.525^\circ} = \frac{224}{\sin 169^\circ}$$

$$e = \frac{224 \sin 6.525^\circ}{\sin 169^\circ} = 133.4$$

The distance between the sun and Mars that day was 133 million miles.

AAS  $\rightarrow$  L.O.S.



$$A = \underline{59^\circ} \quad a = \underline{21.8} \quad \checkmark$$

$$B = \underline{80^\circ} \quad b = \underline{25} \quad \checkmark$$

$$C = \underline{41^\circ} \quad c = \underline{16.7} \quad \checkmark$$

$$A = 180^\circ - (B + C)$$

$$A = 180^\circ - (80^\circ + 41^\circ)$$

$$A = 59^\circ$$

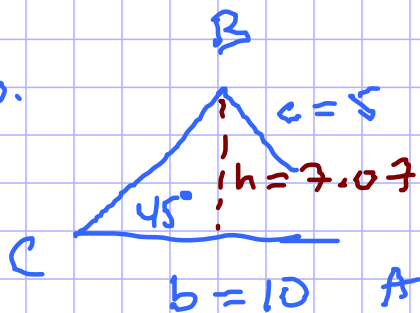
$$\frac{a}{\sin 59^\circ} = \frac{25}{\sin 80^\circ}$$

$$a = \frac{25 \sin 59^\circ}{\sin 80^\circ} = 21.8$$

$$\frac{c}{\sin 41^\circ} = \frac{25}{\sin 80^\circ}$$

$$c = \frac{25 \sin 41^\circ}{\sin 80^\circ} = 16.7$$

30.



SSA  $\rightarrow$  L.O.S.

(acute)

$$h = b \sin C = 10 \sin 45^\circ = 7.07$$

$c < h \therefore$  no triangle possible

32.

SSA  $\rightarrow$  L.O.S.

(acute)

$$h = b \sin A = 10 \sin 60^\circ = 8.66$$

 $h < a < b \therefore 2 \Delta$ 's possible
Case 1

$$A = \underline{60^\circ} \quad a = \underline{9} \quad \checkmark$$

$$B = \underline{74.2^\circ} \quad b = \underline{10} \quad \checkmark$$

$$C = \underline{45.8^\circ} \quad c = \underline{7.5} \quad \checkmark$$

$$\frac{\sin B}{10} = \frac{\sin 60^\circ}{9}$$

$$\sin B = \frac{10 \sin 60^\circ}{9}$$

$$B = \sin^{-1} \left( \frac{10 \sin 60^\circ}{9} \right)$$

$$B = 74.2^\circ$$

$$C = 180^\circ - (A+B)$$

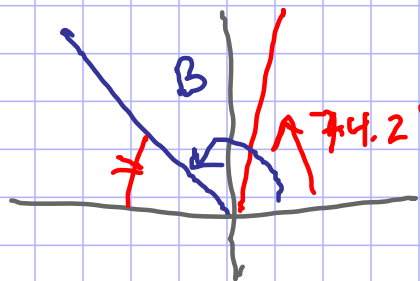
$$= 180^\circ - (60^\circ + 74.2^\circ)$$

Case 2

$$A = \underline{60^\circ} \quad a = \underline{9} \quad \checkmark$$

$$B = \underline{105.8^\circ} \quad b = \underline{10} \quad \checkmark$$

$$C = \underline{14.2^\circ} \quad c = \underline{2.5} \quad \checkmark$$



$$\beta = 180^\circ - 74.2^\circ = 105.8^\circ$$

$$C = 180^\circ - (A+B)$$

$$C = 180^\circ - (60^\circ + 105.8^\circ)$$

$$C = 14.2^\circ$$

$$C = 45.8^\circ$$

$$\frac{c}{\sin 45.8^\circ} = \frac{9}{\sin 60^\circ}$$

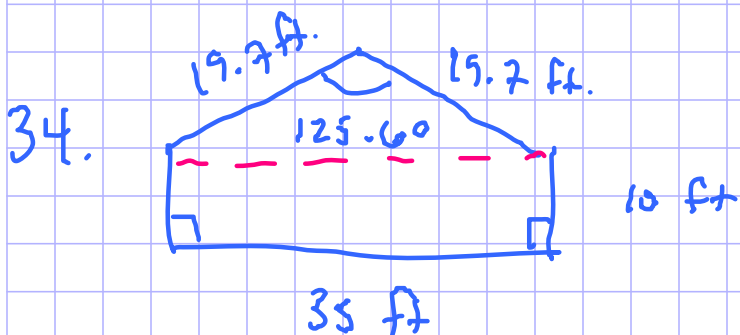
$$c = \frac{9 \sin 45.8^\circ}{\sin 60^\circ}$$

$$c = 7.5$$

$$\frac{c}{\sin 14.2^\circ} = \frac{9}{\sin 60^\circ}$$

$$c = \frac{9 \sin 14.2^\circ}{\sin 60^\circ}$$

$$c = 2.5$$



$$\text{area house} = \text{area } \square + \text{area } \triangle$$

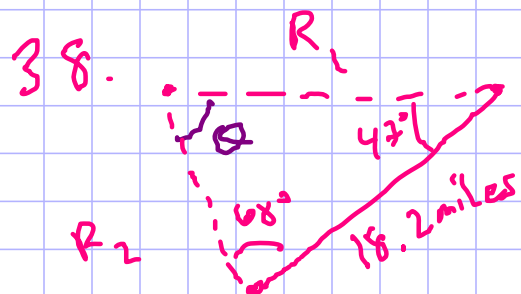
$$= 10(35) + 157.778$$

$$= 507.778$$

SAS

$$\begin{aligned} \text{area } \triangle &= \frac{1}{2} (19.7)(19.7) \sin 125.6 \\ &= 157.778 \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{area house} \approx 508 \text{ ft}^2$$



$$\theta = 180^\circ - (68^\circ + 47^\circ)$$

$$\theta = 65^\circ$$

$$\frac{R_1}{\sin 68^\circ} = \frac{18.2}{\sin 65^\circ}$$

$$\frac{R_2}{\sin 47^\circ} = \frac{18.2}{\sin 65^\circ}$$

$$R_1 = \frac{18.2 \sin 68^\circ}{\sin 65^\circ}$$

$$R_2 = \frac{18.2 \sin 47^\circ}{\sin 65^\circ}$$

$$R_1 = 18.619 \text{ miles}$$

$$R_2 = 14.687 \text{ miles}$$

Route 2 is 3.932 miles  
shorter than Route 1.