VCHS

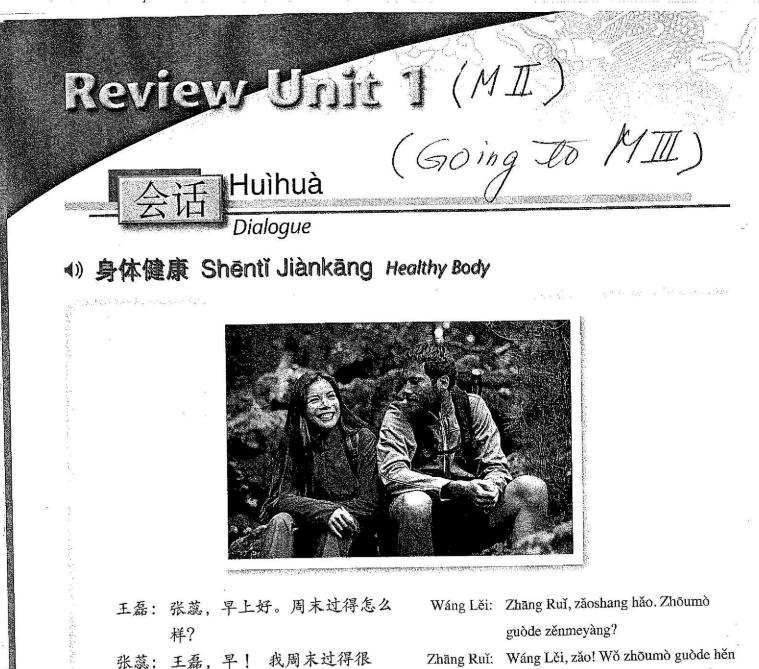
MANDARIN III, 2019-2020

The Summer Work: Packet #2

The sections students need to work on:

- The Dialogue
- Reading
- Listening (from e-Book)
- Do you understand?
- Speaking
- Writing
- Recognize the Characters
- Culture Review

Name(姓名): _____



- 好,我和我哥哥去露营了。
- 王磊: 你们去哪儿了?
- 张蕊: 我们去了北边的一个城市,离 这里开车三个小时左右。
- 王磊: 你说的是昌平吗? 我经常去那 个地方, 你们露营都做了什 么?
- 张蕊:对,就是那儿!你也知道那个 城市啊。我们在那儿爬山,划 船,烧烤,还放烟花呢。
- 王磊:真好,听起来真有趣。

- hảo, wõ hé wõ gēge qù lùyíng le.
- Wáng Lěi: Nímen qù năr le?
- Zhāng Ruǐ: Wǒmen qùle běibiān de yíge chéngshì, lí zhèlĭ kāichē sānge xiǎoshí zuǒyòu.
- Wáng Lěi: Nǐ shuōde shì Chāngpíng ma? Wǒ jīngcháng qù nèige dìfang, nǐmen lùyíng dōu zuòle shénme?
- Zhāng Ruǐ: Duì, jiù shì nàr! Nǐ yě zhīdào nèige chéngshì a. Wǒmen zài nàr páshān, huáchuán, shāokǎo, hái fàng yānhuā ne.
- Wáng Lěi: Zhēnhǎo, tīng qǐlái zhēn yǒuqù.

L Review Unit 1

65X			
张蕊:	有趣是有趣,可是我觉得有点		Z
	儿累,我现在腿酸、肩膀疼,		
	还有点感冒呢!		
王磊:	为什么会感冒呢?	1	
张蕊:	山上的温差很大, 白天很热,		Z
	晚上又很凉。		
王磊:	你量过体温吗?发烧了吗?		
张蕊:	没发烧,只是鼻塞、喉咙痛。		Z
王磊:	那你多喝水、多休息, 过几天		22
	就好了。		

Zhāng Ruǐ: Yǒuqù shì yǒuqù, kěshì wǒ juéde yǒu diǎnr lèi, wǒ xiànzài tuǐ suān、 jiānbǎng téng、 hái yǒudiǎn gǎnmào ne!

Wáng Lěi: Wèishénme huì gǎnmào ne?

Zhāng Ruǐ: Shānshàng de wēnchā hěn dà, báitiān hěn rè, wǎnshang yòu hěn liáng.

Wáng Lěi: Nǐ liángguò tǐwēn ma? Fäshāo le ma?

Zhāng Rui: Méi fāshāo, zhishi bísāi, hóulóng tòng.

Wáng Lěi: Nà nǐ duō hē shuǐ, duō xiūxi, guò jǐtiān jiù hǎo le.

读一读 Dú Yì Dú / Reading

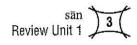
Read the dialogue aloud without looking at the Pinyin.

董了吗 Dǒng le ma? / Do you understand?

Answer the following questions in Chinese based on the dialogue.

- 1. 张蕊周末做了什么? Zhāng Ruǐ zhōumò zuòle shénme?
- 2. 张蕊去露营的城市叫什么? Zhāng Ruǐ qù lùyíng de chéngshì jiào shénme?
- 3. 王磊听说过那个城市吗? Wáng Lěi tīngshuō guò nèige chéngshì ma?
- 4. 张蕊露营都做了什么? Zhāng Ruǐ lùyíng dõu zuòle shénme?
- 5. 张蕊现在觉得怎么样? Zhāng Ruǐ xiànzài juéde zěnmeyàng?
- 6. 张蕊为什么会感冒? Zhāng Ruǐ wèishénme huì gǎnmào?

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(o)

听一听 Ting Yì Ting / Listening

- ()) Select the best response to each sentence you hear.
 - A. 我咳嗽还流鼻涕。 Wǒ késòu hái liú bítì.
 - B. 你一天吃三次药,一次两片。 NI yitiān chī sānci yào, yíci liǎngpiàn.
 - C. 我的膝盖疼啊。 Wǒde xīgài téng a.
 - D. 我要去三个月。 Wǒ yào qù sānge yuè.
 - E. 我周末去中文学校了。 Wo zhōumò qù Zhōngwén xuéxiào le.
 - F. 对不起, 我不上网。 Duibùqǐ, wǒ bú shàngwǎng.

说中文 Shuō Zhōngwén / Speaking

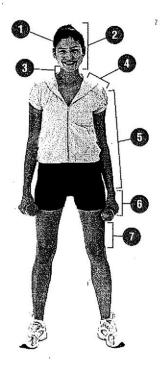


Follow the guidelines below to practice speaking Chinese with a classmate.

- 1. Say "I don't feel well today."
- 2. Say "My arms hurt."
- 3. Say "I read for two hours."
- 4. Say "I can speak Chinese."
- 5. Say "He only studies before the exam." using the pattern 才
- 6. Ask "Where do you feel discomfort?"

识别身体部位 Shibié Shēntǐ Bùwèi / Identify the Body Parts

Say the name of each body part based on the photo below.



Xiě Yì Xiě / Writing

On a separate sheet of paper, write down the Chinese characters for the English words.

1. hair

-写

E

- 2. neck
- 3. finger
- 4. foot
- 5. sleepy
- 6. comfortable
- 7. angry
- 8. nurse

认字 Rènzì / Recognize the Characters

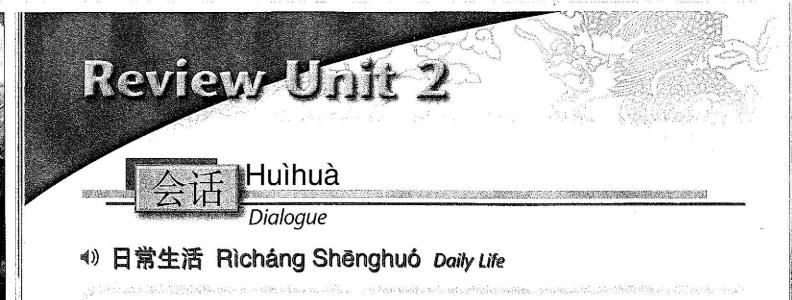
Match the Chinese words on the left with the appropriate English meaning on the right.

- 1. 情人 A. landscape
- 2. 山顶 B. lover
- 3. 休息 C. to take a vacation
- 4. 休假 D. to rest
- 5. 情感 E. summit; hilltop
- 6. 山水 F. emotion

Wénhuà Fùxí

Culture Review

- Acupuncture: Acupuncture involves inserting thin needles into various points of the body and manipulating the needles to relieve pain.
- Moxibustion: Moxibustion is therapy using mugwort herb. The burning herb is pressed onto certain points of the body in order to stimulate healing by heat.
- QQ: QQ is the most popular instant messenger program in China.
- Social Networking: Kaixin and Renren are two of the most popular social networking websites in China.
- Chinese Traditional Medicine: Chinese traditional medicine uses natural remedies to heal sickness. It consists of herbal (roots, stems, juices, and fruits), animal (innards, skin, bones, and organs), and mineral treatments.





王磊:	喂,	张蕊,	你放学了吗?	
张蕊:	嗨,	王磊,	我刚刚到家,	你晚
	上想	做什么	?	

- 王磊:要不要一起去看电影啊?
- 张蕊:现在有什么好电影吗?
- 王磊: 我听说最近有一部好笑的美国 卡通片。
- 张蕊: 我不太喜欢卡通片。我们还是 去运动吧!
- 王磊:也好啊,你打篮球吗?
- 张蕊: 我不会打篮球, 但是我很想学 习。
- 王磊: 我的篮球打得不错哦!我可以 教你。

- Wáng Lěi: Wéi, Zhãng Ruǐ, nǐ fàngxué le ma?
- Zhāng Ruǐ: Hài, Wáng Lěi, wǒ gānggāng dào jiā, nǐ wǎnshang xiǎng zuò shémme?
- Wáng Lěi: Yào búyào yìqǐ qù kàn diànyǐng a?
- Zhāng Rui: Xiànzài yǒu shénme hǎo diànyǐng ma?
- Wáng Lěi: Wǒ tīngshuō zuìjìn yǒu yíbù hǎoxiào de Měiguó kǎtōngpiàn.
- Zhāng Rui: Wǒ bú tài xihuan kǎtōngpiàn. Wǒmen háishì qù yùndòng ba.
- Wáng Lěi: Yě hǎo a, nǐ dǎ lánqiú ma?
- Zhāng Ruǐ: Wǒ búhuì dǎ lánqiú, dànshì wǒ hěn xiǎng xuéxí.
- Wáng Lěi: Wöde lánqiú dăde búcuò o! Wö kěyĭ jiāo nǐ.

Review Unit 2

liù

张蕊:	好啊好啊!那我们两个小时候
	以后在我家附近的篮球场见
	per o
王磊:	两个小时?为什么要这么久?

- 张蕊: 我是女孩子嘛,要一些时间准备。 王磊: 好吧,那别迟到啊,要不天就 黑了。
- Zhāng Ruǐ: Hǎo a hǎo a! Nà wǒmen liǎngge xiǎoshí yǐhòu zài wǒ jiā fùjìn de lánqiú chǎng jiàn ba.

Wáng Lěi: Liǎngge xiǎoshí? Wèishénme yào zhème jiǔ?

- Zhāng Ruǐ: Wǒ shì nǚháizi ma, yào yìxiē shíjiān zhǔnbèi.
- Wáng Lěi: Hǎoba, bié zài chídào le a, yàobù tiān jìu hēi le.

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读一读 Dú Yì Dú / Reading

Read the dialogue aloud without looking at the Pinyin.

• 懂了吗 Dǒng le ma? / Do you understand?

Answer the following questions in Chinese based on the dialogue.

- 1. 张蕊刚刚从哪儿回到家? Zhāng Ruǐ gānggāng cóng nǎr huídào jiā?
- 2. 现在有什么电影正在上映? Xiànzài yǒu shénme diànyǐng zhèngzài shàngyìng?
- 3. 张蕊喜欢卡通片吗? Zhāng Ruǐ xǐhuan kǎtōngpiàn ma?
- 4. 张蕊不会哪种运动但是想学? Zhāng Ruǐ búhuì něizhǒng yùndòng dànshì xiǎng xué?
- 5. 王磊的篮球打得好吗? Wáng Lěi de lánqiú dǎde hǎo ma?
- 6. 他们为什么要两个小时之后才在篮球场见? Tāmen wèishénme yào liǎngge xiǎoshí zhīhòu cái zài lánqiú chǎng jiàn?

听一听 Tīng Yì Tīng / Listening

()) Select the best response to each sentence you hear.

- A. 好看是好看,可是太贵了。Hǎokàn shì hǎokàn, kěshì tài guì le.
- B. 你累不累都得写完功课。 Nǐ lèi búlèi dōu děi xiěwán gōngkè.
- C. 要是你能来,就给我打电话。 Yàoshì
- 电话。 Yàoshì nǐ néng lái, jiù gěi wǒ dǎ diànhuà. 学的。 Wō jīntiān shì qí zìxíngchē lái shàngxué de.
- D. 我今天是骑自行车来上学的。
- Chúle niúròu yǐwài, wǒ shénme dōu chī.
- E. 除了牛肉以外,我什么都吃。 Chúle,
- F. 难怪我全身热热的。 Nánguài wǒ quānshēn rèrè de.

🏹 🖌 说中文

2.

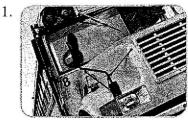
Shuō Zhōngwén / Speaking

Follow the guidelines below to practice speaking Chinese with a classmate.

- 1. Tell your classmate that you take the school bus to school every day and ask how he / she arrives.
- 2. Say "I am so sleepy" using the pattern "Adj 死了."
- 3. Tell your classmate that you can lend him / her your book only for one day.
- 4. Tell your classmate that you will go to a birthday party tomorrow and ask if he / she is coming.
- 5. Invite your classmate to play hockey this Saturday.
- 6. Ask your classmate what film genre he / she likes.

辦别交通工具 Biànbié Jiāotōng Göngjù / Identify Transportation

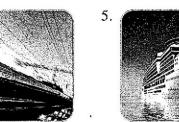
Say the name of each type of transportation based on the photos below.







8.









写一写 Xiě Yì Xiě / Writing

On a separate sheet of paper, write down the Chinese characters for the English words.

- 1. club
- 2. to get up
- 3. to put on makeup
- 4. dance
- 5. comedy
- 6. to take a shower
- 7. email
- 8. sports

认字 Rènzì / Recognize the Characters

Match the Chinese words on the left with the appropriate English meaning on the right.

车票 A. bright
 明白 B. traffic accident
 信心 C. signal
 车祸 D. clear
 信号 E. confidence
 明亮 F. train or bus ticket

Wénhuà Fùxí

Culture Review

- Dress Code in Chinese Schools: In China's elementary and middle schools, students are required to wear uniforms.
- Etiquette in Chinese Schools: Students must follow strict rules regarding hairstyles, makeup and accessories.
- The National Higher Education Entrance Examination: The NHEEE has two main categories: the humanities (geography, history, and politics) and the sciences (physics, chemistry, and biology). The exams are held on the seventh and eighth of June each year.
- Chinese Cultural Activities: There are a variety of cultural activities in China, both traditional performances (Chinese opera, cross-talk) and modern (movies, rock concerts, and talk shows).

Review Unit 3



▲》我的朋友 Wode Péngyou My Friends



- 王磊:这学期过了一半了,你的课怎 么样?
- 张蕊:这学期我选的课都很简单,作 业也很少,所以我能有更多的 时间打工赚钱,你呢?
- 王磊: 我就没有你这么好了,这学期 的数学课很难,很多东西我都 听不懂。
- 张蕊:那你就要花更多的时间学习。 啊。
- 王磊: 我每天都学习到很晚, 可是还 是没有进步。
- 张蕊:我觉得你的学习方法一定有问题,你应该找一个学习好的同学来帮助你。

- Wáng Lěi: Zhè xuéqī guòle yíbàn le, nǐde kè zěnmeyàng?
- Zhāng Rui: Zhè xuéqī wǒ xuǎn de kè dōu hěn jiǎndān, zuòyè yě hěn shǎo, suǒyǐ wǒ néng yǒu gèng duō de shíjiān dǎgōng zhuànqián, nǐ ne?
- Wáng Lěi: Wǒ jiù méiyǒu nǐ zhème hǎo le, zhè xuéqī de shùxué kè hěn nán, hěn duō dōngxi wǒ dōu tīng bùdǒng.
- Zhāng Ruǐ: Nà nǐ jiù yào huā gèng duō de shíjiān xuéxí a.
- Wáng Lěi: Wǒ měitiān dōu xuéxí dão hěn wǎn, kěshì háishì méiyǒu jìnbù.
- Zhāng Ruǐ: Wǒ juéde nǐde xuéxí fāngfǎ yídìng yǒu wèntí, nǐ yīnggāi zhǎo yíge xuéxí hǎo de tóngxué lái bāngzhù nǐ.

A Review Unit 3

王磊:去哪儿找啊?大家都

- 张蕊:近在眼前啊!我不就是一个很 好的人选吗?
- 王磊:你真的愿意帮助我?太感谢 了。
- 张蕊:不用客气,我们是好朋友嘛! 就是要在你需要帮助的时候出现。
- 王磊:那我们一会一起去图书馆学习 吧,我明天有一个数学的小 考。
- 张蕊: 我今天可能要晚一点才会有 空,我要先去打工,咱们九点 在图书馆见吧。

王磊:好,那晚上见喽!

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- Wáng Lěi: Qù năr zhǎo a? Dàjiā dõu zhème máng.
- Zhāng Ruǐ: Jìn zài yăn qián a! Wǒ bú jiù shì yíge hěn hǎo de rénxuǎn ma?
- Wáng Lěi: Nǐ zhẽnde yuànyì bāngzhù wò? Tài gănxiè le.
- Zhāng Ruǐ: Búyòng kèqì, wômen shì hào péngyôu ma! Jiùshì yào zài nǐ xūyào bāngzhù de shíhou chūxiàn.
- Wáng Lěi: Nà wômen yìhuǐ yìqǐ qù túshūguǎn xuéxí ba, wô míngtiān yôu yíge shùxué de xiǎokǎo.
- Zhāng Ruǐ: Wǒ jīntiān kěnéng yào wǎn yìdiǎn cái huì yǒu kòng, wǒ yào xiān qù dǎgông, zánmen jiǔdiǎn zài túshūguǎn jiàn ba.
 Wáng Lěi: Hǎo, nà wǎnshang jiàn lou!

读一读 Dú Yì Dú / Reading

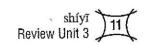
Read the dialogue aloud without looking at the Pinyin.

懂了吗 Dong le ma? / Do you understand?

Answer the following questions in Chinese based on the dialogue.

- 1. 张蕊这学期选的课怎么样? Zhāng Ruǐ zhèi xuéqī xuǎn de kè zěnmeyàng?
- 2. 没有课的时候,张蕊用来做什么? Méiyǒu kè de shíhou, Zhāng Ruǐ yòng lái zuò shénme?
- 3. 王磊觉得哪一科很难? Wáng Lči juéde nǎ yìkē hěn nán?
- 4. 王磊有没有用功学习? Wáng Lěi yǒu méiyǒu yònggōng xuéxí?
- 5. 张蕊觉得王磊不能进步的问题是什么? Zhāng Ruǐ juéde Wáng Lěi bùnéng jìnbù de wèntí shì shénme?
- 张蕊一会要去做什么?
 Zhāng Ruǐ yíhuì yào qù zuò shénme?





听一听 Tīng Yì Tīng / Listening

()) Select the best response to each sentence you hear.

- A. 那你今天别来打球了。 Nà nǐ jīntiān bié lái dǎqiú le.
- B. 不好意思,他不在,他去开会了。Bùhǎo yìsi, tā búzài, tā qù kāihuì le.
- C. 明天的天气会跟今天的一样好。 Míngtiān de tiānqì huì gēn jīntiān de yíyàng hǎo.
- D. 我还是很饿,我想再吃一个三明治。 Wǒ háishì hěn è, wǒ xiǎng zài chī yíge sānmíngzhì.
- E. 我学过, 但是现在都忘了。 Wó xuéguò, dànshì xiànzài dõu wàng le.
- E 还没,我现在不只咳嗽,还发烧呢。 Háiméi, wǒ xiànzài bùzhǐ késòu, hái fāshāo ne.

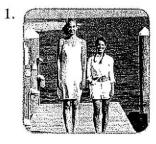
说中文 Shuō Zhōngwén / Speaking

Follow the guidelines below to practice speaking Chinese with a classmate.

- 1. Tell your classmate that you know Tony very well and he is a good friend of yours.
- 2. Say "He runs fast" use the pattern "Verb + 得 + Complement."
- 3. Invite your classmate to come over to your house this weekend.
- 4. Tell your classmate that you are going to Japan to study.
- 5. Tell your classmate that you are not only good at ice skating but also hockey.
- Tell your classmate that the movie you watched last week is awesome, and you want to watch it again today.

☆ 描述身材 │ Miáoshù Shēncái / Describing Types

Describe the body shapes and personalities based on the photos below.





shí'èr Review Unit 3









写一写 Xiě Yì Xiě / Writing

On a separate sheet of paper, write down the Chinese characters for the English words.

- 1. boy
- 2. passionate
- 3. cram school
- 4. senior citizen
- 5. child
- 6. to chat; to talk
- 7. outgoing
- 8. international

认字 Rènzì / Recognize the Characters

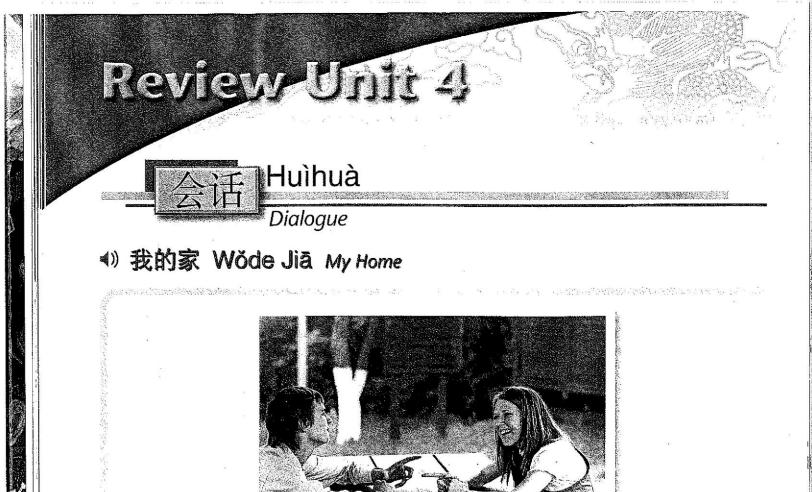
Match the Chinese words on the left with the appropriate English meaning on the right.

- 1. 国歌 A. nationality
- 2. 饭馆 B. national anthem
- 3. 老实 C. lunch-box
- 4. 国籍 D. teacher
- 5. 老师 E. honest
- 6. 饭盒 F. restaurant

Wénhuà Fùxí

Culture Review

- Sports School: Sports schools are special institutions in China where promising young athletes are trained to become the nation's athletic stars. There are many specialties within sports schools, including soccer, basketball, table tennis, gymnastics, swimming, and martial arts.
- International Students in China: Many Chinese universities take international exchange students. The exchange programs vary in duration, and can be three-month, six-month, or longterm programs.
- Chinese Neighborhood: Chinese believe that friendship between neighbors can be closer or more meaningful than that of blood relatives. In the past, houses were small and shared a common courtyard where people gathered to socialize. Nowadays, many of these traditional neighborhoods are being demolished to make room for high-rise apartment buildings.



- 王磊: 你这个周末有空吗? 要不要来 我家一起玩儿啊?
- 张蕊: 我星期六要打工,星期日可以 吗?
- 王磊:当然可以了,你还记得我家 吗?
- 张蕊: 我去过一次,但是是很久以前 去的,我不记得怎么走了,你 再跟我说一次吧。
- 王磊:先从学校往北走三个路口,然 后往东转,再直走十分钟就到 了。
- 张蕊:好,我应该可以找得到。我们 在你家要玩什么啊?

- Wáng Lěi: Nǐ zhèige zhōumò yǒu kòng ma? Yào búyào lái wǒ jiā yìqǐ wánr a?
- Zhāng Ruǐ: Wǒ Xīngqīliù yào dǎgöng, Xīngqīrì kěyǐ ma?
- Wáng Lěi: Dāngrán kěyǐ le, nǐ hái jìde wǒ jiā ma?
- Zhāng Ruǐ: Wǒ qùguò yícì, dànshì shì hěn jiǔ yǐqián qùde, wǒ bú jìde zěnme zǒu le, nǐ zài gēn wǒ shuō yícì ba.
- Wáng Lěi: Xiān cóng xuéxiào wàng bèi zǒu sānge lùkǒu, ránhòu wàng dōng zhuǎn, zài zhí zǒu shí fēnzhōng jiù dàole.
- Zhāng Ruǐ: Hǎo, wǒ yīnggāi kěyǐ zhǎode dào. Wǒmen zài nǐ jiā yào wán shénme a?

14 shísì Review Unit 4

王磊:	我们一起做饭怎么样?
张蕊:	我还真不知道你会做饭呢。
王磊:	我刚开始学做西餐,正好练习
	一下。
张蕊:	好啊,那我买好菜到你家一起
	做饭,我差不多十一点到你
	家。
王磊:	好,那咱们星期日见喽!

Wáng Lěi: Wǒmen yìqǐ zuòfàn zěnmeyàng?

Zhāng Ruǐ: Wǒ hái zhēn bù zhīdào nǐ huì zuò fàn ne.

Wáng Lěi: Wǒ gāng kāishǐ xué zuò xīcān, zhènghǎo liànxí yíxià.

Zhāng Ruǐ: Hǎo a, nà wờ mǎi hǎo cài dào nǐ jiā yìqǐ zuòfàn, wờ chàbùduō shíyī diǎn dào nǐ jiā.

Wáng Lěi: Hǎo, nà zánmen Xīngqīrì jiàn lou!

读一读 Dú Yì Dú / Reading

Read the dialogue aloud without looking at the Pinyin.

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Answer the following questions in Chinese based on the dialogue.

- 1. 张蕊要星期几去王磊家? Zhāng Ruǐ yào xīngqī jǐ qù Wáng Lěi jiā?
- 2. 张蕊知道怎么去王磊家吗? Zhāng Ruǐ zhīdào zěnme qù Wáng Lěi jiā ma?
- 3. 怎么从学校去王磊家? Zěnme cóng xuéxiào qù Wáng Lěi jiā?
- 4. 他们要在王磊家做什么? Tāmen yào zài Wáng Lěi jiā zuò shénme?
- 5. 王磊最近在学习什么? Wáng Lěi zuìjìn zài xuéxí shénme?
- 6. 谁会去买菜? Shéi huì qù mǎicài?





听一听 Tīng Yì Tīng / Listening

- ()) Select the best response to each sentence you hear.
 - A. 走路二十分钟, 开车只要五分钟。 Zǒulù èrshí fēnzhōng, kāichē zhǐyào wù fēnzhōng.
 - B. 要是不下雨,我就会去爬山。Yàoshì bú xiàyǔ, wǒ jiù huì qù páshān.
 - C. 我下午两点才吃的。 Wǒ xiàwǔ liǎngdiǎn cái chīde.
 - D. 他在家是在家,可是正在睡觉呢。 Tā zàijiā shì zàijiā, kěshì zhèngzài shuìjiào ne.
 - E. 哇. 好大好漂亮啊! Wa, hǎodà hǎo piàoliang a!
 - F. 前面那个路口右转,到了红绿灯再左转,直走十分钟就到了。 Qiánmian nèige lùkǒu yòuzhuǎn, dàole hónglùdēng zài zuǒ zhuǎn, zhí zǒu shí fēnzhōng jiù dàole.

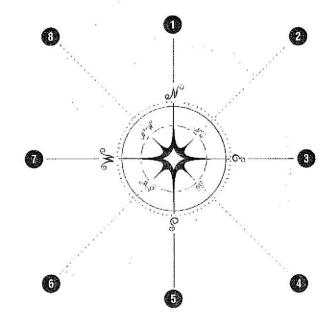
说中文 Shuō Zhōngwén / Speaking

Follow the guidelines below to practice speaking Chinese with a classmate.

- 1. Tell your classmate that your home is very far from school.
- 2. Say "Let's use the crosswalk to cross the street."
- 3. Tell your classmate that he/she needs to turn left at the next traffic light.
 - 4. Tell your classmate that you live in an apartment without an elevator.
 - 5. Tell your classmate that your house has a three-car garage and a big yard.
 - 6. Ask your classmate how many bedrooms and bathrooms are in his/her home.

描述方位 Miáoshù Fāngwèi / Directions

Say the directions based on the photo below.





Xiě Yì Xiě / Writing

On a separate sheet of paper, write down the Chinese characters for the English words.

1. table; desk

-写

- 2. garbage can
- 3. balcony
- 4. mailbox
- 5. road
- 6. to turn right
- 7. front
- 8. loft

认字

Rènzì / Recognize the Characters

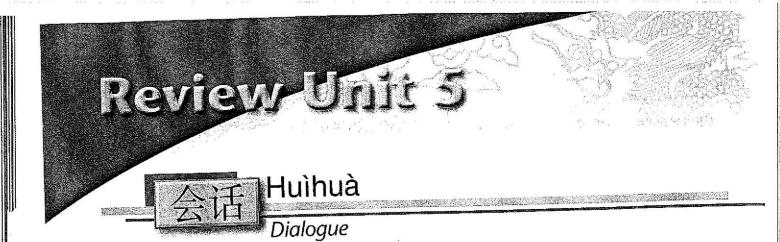
Match the Chinese words on the left with the appropriate English meaning on the right.

- 1. 日期 A. doorbell
- 2. 门票 B. sunset
- 3. 房屋 C. date
- 4. 房租 D. house
- 5. 日落 E. entrance ticket
- 6. 门铃 F. rent for a house

Wénhuà Fùxí

Culture Review

- Hutong: Hutongs are lanes and alleyways that connect the main streets to the residential areas.
- Siheyuans: A siheyuan is a courtyard surrounded by four buildings, each of the building's walls face north, south, east, or west to form a square shape.
- Fengshui: Followers of fengshui believe that proper alignment of our environment can ward off bad luck and improve one's fortune. Fengshui incorporates concepts from geography, geology, astrology, meteorology, landscaping, architecture, ecology and sciences having to do with the human body.
- Filial Piety: Filial Piety is a concept that in a family, the younger generation should always treat the older generation according to ethical and moral rules.



▲》超级市场 Chāojí Shìchǎng Super Market



张蕊:	喂,王磊,我现在在你家附近	Zhāng Ruǐ:	Wéi, Wáng Lĕi, wǒ xiànzài zài nǐ jiā
11-100	的超级市场,可是我不知道要		fùjìn de chāojí shìchăng, kěshì wǒ bù
	买什么东西,一会儿我们做什		zhīdào yào mǎi shénme dōngxi, yìhuǐi
	么饭啊?		women zuo shénme fàn a?
王磊:	1. 一口以四口在此工版可9	Wáng Lěi:	Wǒmen búshì shuö hǎole yào zuò
			xīcān ma?
张蕊:	西餐都需要什么菜?	Zhāng Rui:	Xīcān dōu xūyào shénme cài?
	买一点黄瓜、土豆、洋葱和西	Wáng Lěi:	Măi yìdiăn huángguā từdòu
- July .	红柿吧。		yángcōng hé xīhóngshì ba.
张藻・	好,肉类呢?	Zhāng Ruĭ:	Hăo, rdulèi ne?
	我不喜欢吃猪肉,咱们吃牛肉	Wáng Lěi:	Wǒ bù xǐhuān chī zhūròu, zánmen ch
	吧。		niúrðu ba.
张蕊:	好,我还想吃海鲜,再买一点	Zhāng Ruǐ:	Hǎo, wǒ hái xiǎng chī hǎixiān, zài mì
··	鱼和虾怎么样?		yìdiǎn yú hé xiā zěnmeyàng.

shíbā Review Unit 5

18

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王磊:	可以啊,	对	了,	我家的酱油快
2	要用完了	,	请再	·买一瓶酱油。

- 张蕊:好的,我还要去买一些零食, 吃完饭以后我们可以一边看电 影一边吃零食。
- 王磊:好主意!那你买完东西就快点 过来啊,我先去厨房准备了。

张蕊:好,一会儿见。

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- Wáng Lĕi: Kĕyǐ a, duì le, wǒ jiā de jiàngyóu kuàiyào yòng wán le, qĭng zài mǎi yìpíng jiàngyóu.
- Zhāng Ruǐ: Hǎo de, wǒ hái yào qù mǎi yìxiē língshí, chī wán fàn yǐhòu wǒmen kěyǐ yìbiān kàn diànyĭng yìbiān chī língshí.
- Wáng Lěi: Hǎo zhǔyì! Nà nǐ mǎi wán dōngxi jiù kuàidiǎn guòlái a, wǒ xiān qù chúfáng zhǔnbèi le.
- Zhāng Ruǐ: Hǎo, yìhuǐr jiàn.

读一读 Dú Yì Dú / Reading

Read the dialogue aloud without looking at the Pinyin.

懂了吗 Dǒng le ma? / Do you understand?

Answer the following questions in Chinese based on the dialogue.

1. 张蕊现在在哪? Zhāng Ruǐ xiànzài zài nǎ?

2. 张蕊为什么给王磊打电话? Zhāng Ruǐ wèishénme gěi Wáng Lěi dǎ diànhuà?

3. 王磊要张蕊买什么菜? Wáng Lěi yào Zhāng Ruǐ mǎi shěnme cài?

4. 王磊不喜欢吃什么肉? Wáng Lěi bù xǐhuān chī shénme ròu?

5. 除了肉, 张蕊还想吃什么? Chúle ròu, Zhāng Ruǐ hái xiǎng chī shénme?

6. 王磊家的哪种调料快用完了? Wáng Lěi jiā de něizhǒng tiǎoliào kuài yòng wánle?

听一听 Tīng Yì Tīng / Listening

(1) Select the best response to each sentence you hear.

A. 我想是晚上六点吧。 Wǒ xiǎng shì wǎnshang liùdiǎn ba.

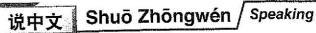
B. 好. 马上来。Hǎo, mǎshàng lái.

C. 那你要去乳制品区找找。 Nà nǐ yào qù rǔzhìpǐn qū zhǎozhao.

D. 请把醋给我。 Qǐng bǎ cù gěi wǒ.

E. 我觉得漂亮极了! Wǒ juéde piàoliang jíle.

F. 那你快试试吧。 Nà nǐ kuài shìshi ba.

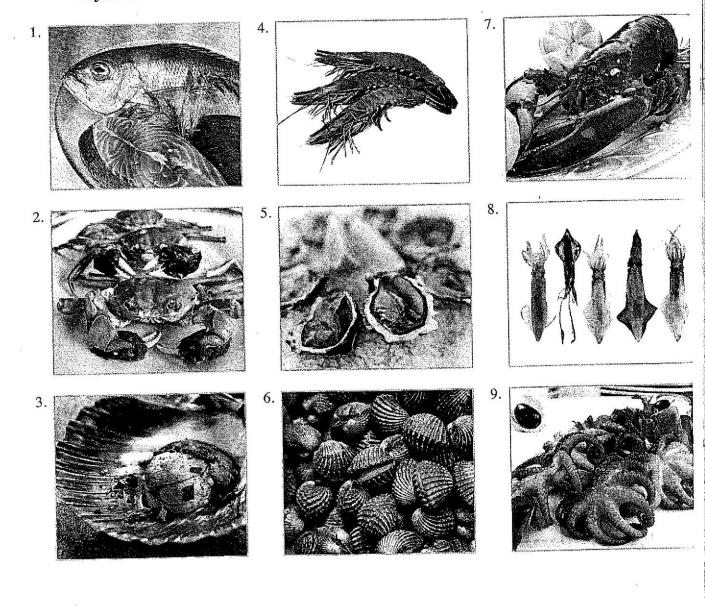


Follow the guideline below to practice speaking Chinese with a classmate.

- 1. Tell your classmate that there is a convenience store close to your home.
- 2. Tell your classmate that the frozen food section is next to seafood section.
- 3. Tell your classmate his/her singing is great using the pattern "极了."
- 4. Say "There are three dogs in the yard."
- 5. Tell your classmate to bring forks, spoons and knives to the table using the character "把"
- 6. Ask your classmate what's his / her favorite vegetable.



Say the seafood names based on the photos below.



20 ershí Review Unit 5

三二写 Xiě Yì Xiě / Writing

On a separate sheet of paper, write down the Chinese characters for the English words.

- 1. vegetable
- 2. salt
- 3. sugar
- 4. pudding
- 5. eggplant
- 6. to cut
- 7. chopsticks
- 8. water cup

认字 Rènzì / Recognize the Characters

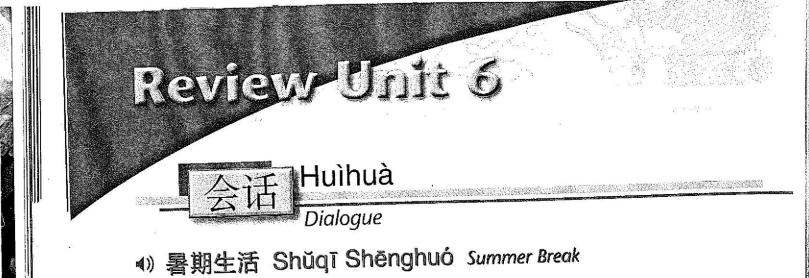
Match the Chinese words on the left with the appropriate English meaning on the right.

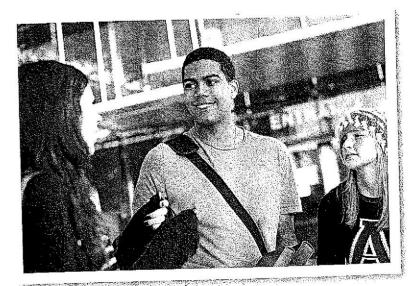
- 1. 手套 A. fishing rod
- 2. 鱼缸 B. handcraft
- 3. 买单 C. trade
- 4. 手工 D. gloves
- 5. 买卖 E. fish tank
- 6. 鱼竿 F. to pay the bill

Wénhuà Fùxí

Culture Review

- Chinese Food: Chinese food can be separated into eight major styles according to region: Fujian, Shandong, Sichuan, Guangdong, Jiangsu, Zhejiang, Hunan, and Anhui.
- Three Principles of Chinese Cooking: taste, smell, and look.
- Chinese Meal: The order of dinner courses is as follows: appetizer (cold), drinks, entrees, rice or noodles, soup and dessert (often fruits). Chinese meals are served family style, with large portions being shared by the entire table.
- Chinese Table Etiquette: don't use your chopsticks to gesture, don't touch unwanted food with your chopsticks, don't stick your chopsticks into the rice, don't tap your bowl with chopsticks.





张蕊:	这个学期终于结束了,暑假开	Zhāng Rui:
	始了!你的数学大考考得怎么	
	样?	
王磊:	我考得很好,谢谢你的帮助。	Wáng Lěi:
	你暑假有什么计划?	
张蕊:	我要去快餐店打工,你呢?	Zhāng Ruĭ:
王磊:	我要跟我爸妈去法国旅游。	Wáng Lěi:
张蕊:	这么好!我还没有去过法国	Zhāng Ruĭ:
	呢。在书上读过很多法国的故	
	事,那好像是一个很浪漫的国	
	家。	
王磊:	浪漫是浪漫,不过机票和饭店	Wáng Lěi:
	都很贵。	

Zhāng Ruĭ:	Zhèige xuéqī zhōngyú jiéshù le, shǔj		
	kāishi le! Nide shùxué dàkǎo kǎode		
	zěnmeyàng?		
Wáng Lěi:	Wǒ kǎode hěn hǎo, xièxiè nǐde bāng		
	Nǐ shǔjià yǒu shénme jìhuà?		
Zhāng Ruĭ:	Wǒ yào qù kuàicāndiàn dǎgōng, nǐ n		
Wáng Lěi:	Wǒ yào gēn wǒ bà-mā qù Fǎguó lǚy		
Zhāng Ruĭ:	Zhème hǎo! Wǒ hái méiyǒu qù guò		
-	Făguó ne. Zài shū shàng dúguò hěn		
	Făguó de gùshi, nà hăoxiàng shì yíg		
	hěn làngmàn de guójiä.		
Wáng Lěi:	Làngmàn shì làngmàn, búguò jīpiào		
	fàndiàn dōu hěn guì.		

2 ershí'er Review Unit 6

张蕊:	是因为你在暑假旅游吧。对	Zhāng Ruĭ:	Shì yīnwèi nǐ zài shǔjià lǚyóu ba. Duì
	了,有空来我的快餐店吃东西		le, yǒu kòng lái wǒde kuàicāndiàn chī
	啊 !		döngxi a!
王磊:	好啊,你那里都卖什么东西,	Wáng Lěi:	Hảo a, nỉ nàlỉ dõu mài shénme dõngxi
	啊?		a?
张蕊:	我们店有洋葱圈、百吉饼和威	Zhāng Ruĭ:	Wŏmen diàn yŏu yángcōngquān
	化饼,但是比萨饼是最出名		băijíbǐng hé wēihuàbǐng, dànshì
	的。		bĭsàbĭng shì zuì chūmíng de.
王磊:	听起来很不错哦!我一定会去	Wáng Lěi:	Tĩng qilái hěn búcuò o! Wǒ yídìng huì
	的。		qù de.
张蕊:	好,等你来啰。先祝你旅途愉	Zhāng Rui:	Hǎo, děng nǐ lái lou. Xiān zhù nǐ lǚtú
	快!		yúkuài.

读一读 Dú Yì Dú / Reading

Read the dialogue aloud without looking at the Pinyin.

②】懂了吗】Dǒng le ma? / Do you understand?

Answer the following questions in Chinese based on the dialogue.

- 1. 王磊的数学大考考得怎么样? Wáng Lěi de shùxué dàkǎo kǎode zěnmeyàng?
- 2. 张蕊暑假要做什么? Zhāng Ruǐ shǔjià yào zuò shénme?
- 王磊暑假要去哪旅游?
 Wáng Lèi shǔjià yào qù nà lǚyóu?
- 4. 张蕊去过法国吗? Zhāng Ruǐ qù guò Fǎguó ma?
- 5. 为什么去法国的机票和饭店都很贵? Wèishénme qù Făguó de jīpiào hé fàndiàn dõu hěn guì?
- 6. 在张蕊打工的快餐店里,什么东西最出名? Zài Zhāng Ruǐ dǎgōng de kuàicāndiàn lǐ, shénme dōngxi zuì chūmíng?





听一听 Tīng Yì Tīng / Listening

()) Select the best response to each sentence you hear.

- A. 我们这里一年四季都很舒服,特别是秋天。 Wǒmen zhèilǐ yìnián sìjì dōu hěn shūfu, tèbié shì qiūtiān.
- B. 是啊,因为最近一直下大雪。Shì a, yīnwèi zuìjìn yìzhí xià dàxuě.
- C. 我虽然很饿, 但是也吃不下去这么多。 Wǒ suīrán hěn è, dànshì yě chī bú xiàqù zhème duõ.
- D. 不太好,因为没有时间去纽约。Bú tài hǎo, yīnwèi méiyǒu shíjiān qù Niùyuē.
- E. 我从来没有打过,你可以教我吗? Wǒ cónglái méiyǒu dǎguò, nǐ kèyǐ jiāo wǒ ma'
- F. 现在才两点,还有半个钟头呢。Xiànzài cái liǎngdiǎn, hái yǒu bànge zhōngtóu ne

说中文 Shuō Zhōngwén / Speaking

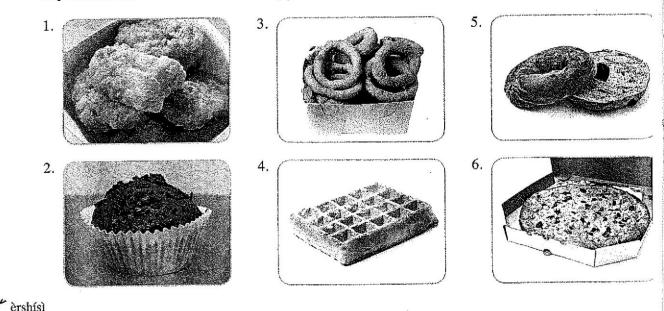
Follow the guidelines below to practice speaking Chinese with a classmate.

- 1. Tell your classmate that you have been to San Francisco.
- 2. Tell your classmate that you haven't received the package from his / her.
- 3. Say "I never sleep after 11 a.m." using the pattern 从来不.
- 4. Say "The weather is getting colder and colder." using the pattern 越...越....
- 5. Ask your classmate what is his / her plan for summer vacation.
- 6. Say "At first, we planned to play tennis, but it rained, so we played table tennis instead." using the pattern 本来.



Review Unit 6

Say the fast-food names based on the photos below.



写一写 Xiě Yì Xiě / Writing

On a separate sheet of paper, write down the Chinese characters for the English words.

1. intern

- mail recipient
 city
- 2. to go on vacation
- 3. mailbox
- 4. address

认字

- photograph
 scenery
- 0. 5000

Rènzì / Recognize the Characters

Match the Chinese words on the left with the appropriate English meaning on the right.

- 1. 蜜月 A. action
- 行人 B. honeymoon
 子女 C. pedestrian
 行动 D. lunar eclipse
 月票 E. monthly pass
- 6. 月食 F. children



- Hong Kong: Hong Kong is situated on the southern coast of China and has been a key port in Asia. Today, it is a powerful financial center. The International Finance center is one of Hong Kong's key landmarks. The official languages of Honk Kong residents are Cantonese, Mandarin and English.
- Part-Time Jobs in China: Part-time jobs are popular during summer and winter vacation.
 Students can find jobs through an agent or through ad postings. Popular part-time jobs are restaurant server, sales, and tutoring.
- Classical Gardens of Suzhou: Suzhou is famous for its classical gardens. Suzhou has a temperate subtropical climate with lots of rainfall, making it an ideal place for plants to grow. The four most famous gardens are: Great Wave Pavilion, Lion's Grove garden, the Humble Administrator's Garden, and Lingering Garden.
- The West Lake of Hangzhou: West Lake is known as "Heaven on Earth" due to its beautiful scenery and the ancient temples built on its shores. West Lake's scenery looks different at different times of the year.